Installation and Operating Instructions Compact Heat Meter Compact Heat / Cooling Meter



SS2U

DE-13-MI004-PTB001 (MID heat)

1 Application and Function

This **SS2U** is designed for the measurement of the consumed thermal energy in a closed heating or heating / cooling system.

2 Contents of the Package

- Heat meter or heat/cooling meter, consisting of a detachable calculator, a flow sensor and two temperature sensors, all permanently connected to each other.
- Installation kit
- Installation and Operating Instructions

3 General Information

- Valid standards for the application of heat meters: EN 1434, parts 1 6; the Measuring Instrument Directive 2004/22/EC, Annexes I and MI-004; and the relevant national verification regulations.
- For the selection, installation, commissioning, monitoring and maintenance of the instrument observe the standard EN 1434 part 6 as well as Annex 22 of the verification regulations (for Germany).
- National regulations for the consumption measurement of cooling must be observed.
- The technical regulations for electrical installations must be observed.
- This product fulfils the requirements of the European Council Directive on Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC Directive) 2004/108/EC.
- The identification plate of the instrument and the seals must not be removed or damaged otherwise the guarantee and the approved application of the instrument are no longer valid!
- To achieve measurement stability of the meter is it necessary that the water quality meet the requirements of the AGFW-recommendation FW-510 and the document VDI (Association of German Engineers) VDI 2035.
- The heat meter left the factory in conformance with all applicable safety regulations. All maintenance and repair work is to be carried out only by qualified and authorized technical personnel.
- The instrument must be stored and transported at temperatures above-freezing.
- Instruments with activated radio function are not allowed on air freight.
- The correct installation point in the system must be chosen: forward or return flow, as stated on the type identification label.
- The temperature sensor cables and the cable between the calculator and flow sensor must not be kinked, rolled up, lengthened or shortened.
- To clean the heat meter (only if necessary) use a slightly moist cloth.
- To protect against damage and dirt the heat meter should only be removed from the packaging directly before installation.
- If more than one heat meter is installed in one unit, care must be taken to ensure that all the meters have the same installation conditions.
- All specifications and instructions listed on the data sheet and in the Application Notes must be adhered to.
- Further information can be obtained at **www.engelmann.de**.
- Instruments which have been replaced or exchanged must be disposed of according to relevant environmental regulations.
- The display is deactivated and can be activate for one minute by pushing the button (except calculator without additional interfaces).

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3.1 Definition of pictograms on type identification label

-	P
-•	Ъ

Installation in return flow

Installation in forward flow

4 Mounting the Flow Sensor

- Flush the pipes according the generally acknowledged rules of technology. Then close all the shut-off valves. Open the nearest draining valve for pressure release.
- Drain the closed-off pipe section.
- Loosen the coupling rings and remove the old heat meter.
- Remove all old gaskets.
- Clean the sealing surfaces.
- Insert new gaskets.
- Position the flow sensor correctly, taking into account the direction of flow (arrow on the side of the flow sensor)!
- Tighten the coupling rings.
- Detach the calculator and mount it, or rotate it to the best position for read-out.



Note:

In order to simplify mounting in narrow installation spaces the calculator can be detached from the flow sensor.

To release the calculator pull it carefully up off the flow sensor.

For heat meter versions it is recommended to detach the calculator.

For heat/cooling meters the calculator must be detached from the flow sensor.

5 Mounting the Temperature Sensors

For pipes of sizes < DN25 in new installations (whether new construction or refurbishment) it is required to install the temperature sensors directly immersed in the flow (without temperature pockets).

Note:

During installation of the meter make sure that the temperature sensors are mounted according to their marking.

5.1 Direct mounting (ball valve and T-piece)

- Remove the blind plug/old temperature sensor and gasket/old O-ring. Clean connection surfaces.
- Slide the O-ring off the temperature sensor and insert it to the bottom of the threaded opening of the ball valve or the T-piece.
- Insert the temperature sensor to at least 15mm, preferably the middle of the ball valve or T-piece (or a little further) and screw tightly. It is important to pay attention that the tip of the temperature sensor does not touch the bottom (the other side) of the ball valve or T-piece.

6 Start of Operation

- Slowly open the shut-off valves.
- Check that there are no leaks.

Check the following points:

- Are all shut-off valves open?
- Is the meter of the right size?
- Is the heating (heating/cooling) system clear (dirt filters not clogged)?
- Is the temperature sensor installed in the flow sensor correctly sealed to the flow sensor?
- Does the directional arrow on the flow sensor match the actual direction of flow?
- Is a flow volume displayed?
- Is a plausible temperature difference displayed?

When the meter is functioning properly, attach the seals to the temperature sensors and the flow sensor (required to protect against manipulation).

7 Display

The calculator has a liquid crystal display with 8 digits and special characters. The values that can be shown are divided into three display loops. All data is retrieved using the push button next to the display. At the start you are automatically in the main loop (1st level). By pressing the push-button longer than 4 seconds you change to the next display loop. Keep the push-button pressed until you reach the desired information loop.

By pressing the push-button briefly you can scan all the information within a loop.

After 1 minute of non-use of the push-button, the display automatically returns to the main loop.

Level 1 / Main loop:			
32 <u>1</u> 3 _{M Wh}	88888888888 ▼ 23 ‡ ☆ ℃ ▼	2.999 _{M Wh}	!4] ^{m³}
<u>0.895</u> _{M Wh}	2) Segment test, all segments triggered	1 I .51 J E	4) Total flow volume in m ³
- FLOLJ	simultaneously	3) Heat energy at last reading date alternating	
1) Standard display: total		with last reading date ?	
heat energy; alternating			
display: cooling energy			
(for neating/cooling meter) and when negative			
flow			
3. <u>45</u> 6 _{kw}		17,06,12	
5) Current power in kW	6) Current flow in m ³ /h	7) Current date	
			8) Information message
			(alternating binary and
			hexadecimal display)
' 0.<u>5</u>83 _{м wh}	'' 0.<u>360</u> _{м wh}	, 6 <u>509</u> "	יי 58,9 _{M Wh}
' E I I	1.52 6	, P { '	,, P 25 _{kWh}
· 18600	6500	11) Momentary reading	12) Momentary reading of
	l ℃	of the pulse counter1	the pulse counter 2
	10) Tariff register 2:	value ²⁾	value ²⁾
	Values alternating with		
0) Tariff register 1: Values	tariff register no. and		
alternating with tariff			
register no. and criteria ²⁾			

Level 2 / Technician's loop:

6.859 kw		0223	Ч (80 °
1) Max. power in kW	2) Maximum flow in m ³ /h	3) Forward flow temperature in °C	4) Return flow temperature in °C
20,40 2 ! ! 5) Temperature difference	6) Days in operation since calibration	PL 1000 r 2 7) Sensor type / installation point	2 8) M-bus address
12345678 2 9) Serial number	102 100 2 10) Firmware version		

Level 3 / Statistics Loop:

3

2. <u>785</u> _{M Wh}	3 1, 12, 10

1.) Previous reading date alternating with its value. Alternatively, the total volume or tariff values can be displayed.¹⁾

 $\begin{array}{c} 26\overline{3}0 \\ 3 \\ \hline 6 \end{array} Monthly values: Dates alternating with the set of the set of$

2.-16.) Monthly values: Dates alternating with their values.

Alternatively, the total volume or tariff values can be displayed. $^{1\!\mathrm{)}}$

¹⁾ Up to the end of the month the consumption and reading date for that month will be shown as 0.

²⁾ Can be set using the software "Device Monitor". A dedicated meter password is necessary. The password is available from the manufacturer.

8 Technical Data

Approval Data								
Nominal flow qp	m³/h	0,6	1,5	2,5	3,5	3,5	6,0	6,0
Accuracy class		EN 1434-1:2007; class 2/3						
Dynamic range; Minimum flow qi/qp		1:50	1:50 1:100	1:100	1:100 1:125	1:100 1:125	1:100	1:100
Maximum flow qs/qp		<u> 1:125 1:150 1:150 2:1</u>						
Mechanical class		M1						
Electromagnetical class		E1						
Protection class of flow s	ensor	IP65						
Flow disturbance class		U0						
Flow Sensor								
Nominal diameter DN	mm	15	15	20	20	25	25	25
Maximum flow qs	m³/h	1,2	3,0	5,0	7,0	7,0	12,0	12,0
Pressure drop ∆p at qp	mbar	40	215	110	210	210	200	200
Nominal pressure PN	bar	16			L			
Maximum pressure MAP	bar	16						
Low flow threshold	l/h	6	6	12	14	14	30	30
Installation length	mm	110	110	130	130	150	150	260
Connection thread	inch	G3/4B	G3/4B	G1B	G1B	G1 1/4B	G1 1/4B	G1 1/4B
Temperature range	°C	15 - 90						
Mounting position		horizontal; vertical						
Point of installation	standard	return flow (standard version) forward flow (optional version)						
Calculator								
Ambient temperature	°C	5 - 55; see 'Influencing_factors_battery_lifetime' at www.engelmann.de			ann.de			
Temperature range	°C	0 - 105						
Temperature difference	К	3 - 100						
Measuring cycle temperature	sec	4 / 60; dynamic						
Measuring cycle flow	sec	2						
Protection class		IP54						
Power supply 3V lithium battery								
Battery lifetime, estimated	years	10 (limited quantity of radio telegrams; no option: pulse output); 6 + 1; see 'Influencing_factors_battery_lifetime' at www.engelmann.de			- 1;			

Data storage		E ² PROM; daily		
Display		8 digits + special characters		
Interfaces	standard	infrared		
	optional	M-Bus galvanically isolated; M-Bus galvanically isolated + 2 pulse inputs; wireless M-Bus; wireless M-Bus + 2 pulse inputs; pulse output		
Temperature Sensors				
Sensor type	Platinum precision resistor PT1000			
Connection type	2-wire technique			
Diameter	mm	nm 5,0; 5,2; 6		
Length of cables	m	1,5; 3		
Type of installation		asymmetric; symmetric		

9 Additional Interfaces

9.1 Optical (infrared) interface

For the communication with the optical interface an optocoupler and the 'Device Monitor' is necessary. The optocoupler and the, Device Monitor' software are available as accessory equipment.

Baud rate: 2400 baud

The optical infrared interface is activated by pressing the push-button.

If within 60 seconds neither a valid telegram is received nor the push-button pressed again, the interface is deactivated. The number of read-outs via the optical interface is limited to 300 times per day.

9.2 M-Bus (optional)

The M-Bus is a galvanically isolated interface for the transmission of meter data (absolute values).

9.3 General information about the M-Bus interface

It is important to note that the acknowledged state of the art technology rules and the relevant legal restraints (international and local; see "Relevant Norms / Standards / Literature") are to be observed. The installation has to be performed by authorized, skilled persons.

If the regulations and the information in the installation and operating instruction manuals are not strictly followed, or if the installation is shown to be faulty, any resulting expenses will be charged to the company responsible for the installation.

Recommended type of cable: Telephone cable J-Y(ST)Y 2x2x0.8mm².

It is important to make sure that the topology of the M-Bus network (cable lengths and cross-sections) is suitable for the **baud rate (2400 Bd)** of the end instruments.

Further information can be found in the detailed 'Application Note M-Bus' at www.engelmann.de.

IEC 60364-4-41 (2005-12)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety -
	Protection against electric shock
IEC 60364-4-44 (2007-08)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-44: Protection for safety -
	Protection against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances
IEC 60364-5-51 (2005-04)	Electrical installations of buildings - Part 5-51: Selection and erection of
	electrical equipment - Common rules
IEC 60364-5-54 (2011-03)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 5-54: Selection and erection of
	electrical equipment - Earthing arrangements and protective conductors
EN 50310 (2010)	Application of equipotential bonding and earthing in buildings with
	information technology equipment
EN 13757-1_2002, -2_2004, -	Communication systems for meters and remote reading of meters
3_2004	
The M-Bus	A Documentation, Version 4.8, M-Bus User group
TI Technical Journal	Texas Instruments Technical Journal Vol. 8, 1991 M-Bus

9.3.1 Relevant norms / standards / literature M-Bus

9.3.2 Additional technical specifications

The installation has to fulfill the requirements of the relevant norms / standards / literature (see paragraph 3.2) and the specifications as follows:

Maximum voltage M-Bus	42 V
Minimum voltage M-Bus	21 V
Maximum ripple voltage	200 mV; EN13757-2_2004; 4.3.3.6
Maximum voltage potential	2V
differences	

9.3.3 Technical data M-Bus

Primary address	0 (factory setting); 1 – 250 (configurable)
Baud rate	2400; 300 (configurable)
Connecting cable length	1 m

9.3.4 The number of possible read-outs depends on the number of instruments in the M-Bus network

Number of instruments in network	Read-outs per day primary address	Read-outs per day secondary address (without using SND NKE)
3	655	275
20	485	170
60	300	90
120	190	52
250	105	27

If fewer read-outs are carried out, the unused ,credit' is stored in the instrument and can be used later. During M-Bus communication with an end instrument the other interfaces (push-button, optical interface) of this instrument cannot be used.

9.4 Radio interface wireless M-Bus EN13757-3, -4 (optional)

The radio interface is for the transmission of meter data (absolute values).

General information about the radio interface:

Installation of radio components between or behind heating pipes, or the presence of other bulky obstacles directly over or in front of the housing must be avoided.

The transmission quality (range, telegram processing) of radio components can be negatively influenced by instruments or equipment with electromagnetic emissions, such as telephones (particularly LTE mobile radio standard), wi-fi routers, baby monitors, remote control units, electric motors, etc.

In addition, the construction of the building has a strong influence on the transmission range and coverage. Furthermore, when using installation boxes (substations) they must be equipped with non-metallic covers or doors. The factory-setting of the clock in the meter is standard (winter) Central European Time (GMT +1). There is no automatic changeover to daylight savings (summer) time.

The radio function is deactivated upon delivery (factory-setting). See section "Activation of the radio interface".

9.4.1 Technical data rad	dio
Frequency	868 MHz
Transmission power	up to 12 dBm
Protocol	wireless M-Bus based on EN 13757-3
Selectable modes	S1 / T1 / C1
Telegrams	 short telegram in conformity to AMR (OMS-Spec_Vol2_Primary_v301):
	energy (heat/cooling energy, pulse input 1, pulse input 2), total volume, flow, power, information message, return flow temperature, temperature difference
	 long telegram for walk-by read-out: energy (heat/cooling energy, pulse input 1, pulse input 2), total volume, information message, 15 monthly values
Encryption	AES: Advanced Encryption Standard; key length: 128 bits

9.4.2 Radio configuration

Parameter	Possible settings	Factory setting
		(Battery lifetime, estimated: 6 + 1 years)
Mode	S1 / T1 / C1; unidirectional	T1 (unidirectional)
Transmission period	00:00 - 24:00; any time period in the day	7:00 am - 7:00 pm
Transmission interval	120 seconds - 240 minutes	120 seconds (heat meters)
Weekdays	Monday – Sunday (any weekday)	Monday - Friday
Weeks in a month	1-4 (4: uninterrupted, incl. a possible 5 th	1 – 4 (4: uninterrupted)
	week)	
Months	1 - 12	1 - 12
Radio activation date	01.01 - 31.12. (day. month)	not set
AES-128- Encryption	 not encrypted; 	Master Key
	- encrypted:	
	- Master Key;	
	 random key per instrument 	
Type of telegram	 short telegram in conformity to AMR 	long telegram (walk-by)
	(OMS-Spec_Vol2_Primary_v301)	
	 long telegram for walk-by read-out 	

9.4.3 Activation of the radio interface

The radio interface **leaves the factory deactivated**. It can be activated as follows:

a) Without using additional software the radio function can be activated by pressing the push-button for over 3 seconds while at the display item 'M-Bus address', second level, item 8 (see section 8. Display, Level 2 / Technician's Loop). The standard factory-settings will be activated.

b) The radio function can also be activated using the software 'Device Monitor'. This software can be ordered separately as an option.

The exact procedure for activating the radio function using this software is described in the accompanying handbook.

After successful activation of the radio function a triangle will appear permanently in the lower left corner of the display.

If using the compact mode, for one hour after activation the meter transmits in installation mode. This means that format telegrams and compact telegrams are sent alternately.

During installation mode at least one meter of the version being installed (forward or return flow, heat or heat/cooling, pulse inputs, display units) must be read out with the Engelmann Read-out Software. The format of the telegram will be stored locally in the PC in an .xml file.

After completion of the installation mode only compact telegrams will be transmitted.

9.5 Two additional pulse inputs (optional; only in conjunction with M-Bus or radio)

With this option, additional instruments with pulse outputs can be read out via M-Bus or radio.

General information about pulse inputs:

It is important to note that the acknowledged state of the art technology rules and the relevant legal restraints (international and local; see "Relevant Norms / Standards / Literature") are to be observed. The installation has to be performed by authorized, skilled persons.

If the regulations and the information in the installation and operating instruction manuals are not strictly followed, or if the installation is shown to be faulty, any resulting expenses will be charged to the company responsible for the installation.

9.5.1 Relevant norms / standards / literature pulse inputs

IEC 60364-4-41 (2005-12)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-41: Protection for safety - Protection
	against electric shock
IEC 60364-4-44 (2007-08)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 4-44: Protection for safety - Protection
	against voltage disturbances and electromagnetic disturbances
IEC 60364-5-51 (2005-04)	Electrical installations of buildings - Part 5-51: Selection and erection of
	electrical equipment - Common rules
IEC 60364-5-54 (2011-03)	Low-voltage electrical installations - Part 5-54: Selection and erection of
	electrical equipment - Earthing arrangements and protective conductors
EN 50310 (2010)	Application of equipotential bonding and earthing in buildings with information
	technology equipment
EN1434-2 2007	Heat Meters — Part 2: Constructional requirements

9.5.2 Technical data pulse inputs

Pulse input class	CMOS; IB according to EN1434-2:2007				
Internal pull-up voltage	+ 3V DC				
Internal pull-up resistance	2 ΜΩ				
Current	= 1,5 μΑ				
High-level threshold	$U \ge 2 V$				
Low-level threshold	U ≤ 0,5 V				
Length of connecting cable	1 m				

9.5.3 Electrical requirements on the pulse output of the instrument to be connected (e.g. flow meter)

Pulse output class	(passive) output OA (reed contact / electronic switch) or				
	OC (open collector) according to EN1434-2:2007				
Pulse length "on"	≥ 100 ms				
Pulse length "off"	≥ 100 ms				
Current	= 1,5 μΑ				
Resistance "contact open"	≥ 6 MΩ				
Resistance "contact closed"	$\leq 3 \text{ k}\Omega$				

9.5.4 Setting up the two additional pulse inputs

The optional pulse inputs 1 + 2 for external meters can be set up using the 'Device Monitor' configuration software. The input pulse value, the units and the starting values of the external meters can be configured.

9.5.5 Set-up possibilities

Pulse value	Units
1	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
2,5	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
10	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
25	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
100	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
250	liters / kWh / pulse without unit
1000	liters / kWh / pulse without unit

Installation notes for pulse inputs:

It is important that the pulse cables not be affected by (or exposed to) the M-Bus voltage!

Check the polarity of pulse generators with 'open collector' outputs.

The cable wires must not touch each other during installation, otherwise pulses will be counted in the instrument. When setting up the meter it may be necessary to adjust the meter reading of the instruments connected and the pulse value using the Device Monitor software.

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9.5.6 Pin assignments 6-wire cable (only in conjunction with M-Bus)

Pin	Color	Connection
1	White	IE1+
2	Brown	IE1⊥
3	Green	IE2
4	Yellow	IE2+
5	Grey	M-Bus
6	Pink	M-Bus

9.5.7 Pin assignments 4-wire cable (only in conjunction with radio)

Pin	Color	Connection
1	Yellow	IE1+
2	Green	IE1⊥
3	Brown	IE2
4	White	IE2+

9.6 Potential-free pulse output (optional)

The potential-free pulse output is an electronic switch that outputs counting pulses of the meter which can be used for any purpose.

The pulse output closes, corresponding to the pulse value shown on the type identification label on the instrument.

9.6.1 Technical data pulse output

Pulse output class	OA (electronic switch) according to EN1434-2:2007
Pulse value heat energy	1kWh/pulse
Pulse value volume (optional)	100 l/pulse
Peak switching current	300 mA ~/-
Switching voltage, maximum	35 V ~/-
Switching power, maximum	300 mW
Contact isolation	> 10 ⁹ Ohm
Contact resistance (on)	max. 25 Ohm
Contact capacity	1,5 pF
Maximum current	120 mA
Withstand voltage (open contact)	350 V ~/-
Closure time	125 ms
Interval between pulses	125 ms

10 Information Messages

When the instrument has detected an information message, the message symbol is displayed: The specific message can be found at the menu item 8 'Information message' in level 1 / Main loop (see section 8, Display). The instrument recognizes seven message causes, which can also occur in combination with each other. The messages are shown on the display.

The message code is displayed alternately in binary and hexadecimal form.

Binary display	Description	Hexadecimal display			
1 at first place	Low battery	H 80			
1 at second place	Check sum error	H 40			
1 at third place	E2PROM defective	Н 20			
1 at fourth place	Instrument has been reset	H 10			
1 at fifth place	Time-out TDC (Time-to-digital	H 08			
	converter)				
1 at sixth place	Internal calibration defective	H 04			
1 at seventh place	Return flow sensor defective	H 02			
1 at eighth place	Forward flow sensor defective H 01				

Example: Time-out TDC (Time-to-digital converter)

Message	Low battery	Check sum error	E²PROM fault	Reset	Time-out TDC	Internal calibration error	Return flow sensor fault	Forward flow sensor fault	
Bit	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	Altornating boyadocimal
Display location	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	message displayed (LCD)
Alternating binary message displayed (LCD)		0000 1000 A					08		

When a message \triangle appears in the standard display (total heat, or alternating total heat and cooling energy), with the exception of the messages 'reset' (10) and 'Time-out TDC' (08) in the case of air in the measuring tube, the instrument must be exchanged and sent to the supplier for examination.

10.1 Message description

Message	Effect	Possible cause			
Low battery	No influence to the calculation	Adverse environmental conditions;			
		Long operating time			
Check sum error	No calculations are carried out. The registers of flow and energy are not being updated.	Defective component.			
E2PROM fault	After a reset, the instrument isDefective component.without function.				
Reset	The measurements since the last storage of data in the E2PROM are lost (max. one day)	EMC			
Time-out TDC; no measurement of volume	No calculations are carried out. The registers for volume and energy are not being updated (no new data is being stored).	Air in the system; Volume scanning defective; Connecting cable between the calculator housing and the flow sensor damaged.			
Internal calibration error	There is no energy calculation. The registers for flow and energy are not being updated (no new data is being stored).	A defect on the calculator circuit board.			
Rf-sensor fault	No calculations are carried out. The registers for flow and energy are not being updated (no new data is being stored).	Sensor cable severed; sensor cable shorted circuited t.			
Ff-sensor fault	No calculations are carried out. The registers for flow and energy are not being updated (no new data is being stored).	Sensor cable severed; sensor cable shorted circuited.			

11 Mounting with Wall Support

For mounting the calculator on the wall, a sticker pad and a wall mounting support are available. They must be ordered separately. The adhesive surfaces must be clean and free of grease.



12 MID Declaration of Conformity

For the product US2 we confirm, as the manufacturer, that it meets the fundamental requirements according to the

- Council Directive 2004/22/EC of 31 March 2004 on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to measurement instruments, in particular those in annex MI-004, as well as
- The requirements relating to emissions in the European Council Directive on EMC 2004/108/EC, and the requirements according to the Council Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC, as well as
- R&TTE Directive (1999/5/EC).

The complete signed declaration can be found at **www.engelmann**.de.

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