

# RCF-230D

Room thermostat for fan-coil applications with on/off outputs.

Intended to control heating and/or cooling in 2- or 4-pipe installations. Setpoint and fan speed are set using the buttons on the front.

RCF-230D is a thermostat for controlling heating and/or cooling in a room via on/off outputs. It also has a function for three-speed fan control (for fan-coil).

The controller uses  $230\,\mathrm{V}$  AC supply voltage. It has triac outputs for  $230\,\mathrm{V}$  AC heating/cooling and built-in  $230\,\mathrm{V}$  AC fan relays, which means that a separate relay module is not required for the fan and actuators.

#### **Applications**

The thermostat is suitable in buildings where you want optimal comfort and reduced energy consumption, for example offices, schools, shopping centres, airports, hotels, hospitals etc.

## Easy to install

Its modular design, featuring a separate bottom plate for wiring, makes the thermostat easy to install and commission. The bottom plate can be put into place before the electronics are installed. Mounting takes place directly on a wall or wall socket.

#### **Control function**

The controller controls heating and/or cooling in a room via on/off outputs. It has a settable hysteresis and the setpoint can be changed using the INCREASE (~) and DECREASE (~) buttons on the front.

See also the section "Display information and handling" on page 3.

## Built-in or external sensor

The thermostat has a built-in sensor. Alternatively, the input for an external PT1000-sensor can be used.

## On/off control outputs

RCF-230D has outputs for control of e.g. 230 V AC on/ off actuators.

#### **Short facts about RCF-230D**

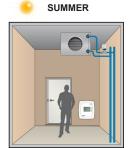
- Supply voltage 230 V AC
- Input for automatic change-over cooling/ heating
- Inputs for presence detector and/or window contact
- Built-in relays for a 3-speed fan, 230 V AC
- Min- max supply air temperature limitation

## 2- and 4-pipe installations

In 2-pipe installations, the same pipe system is used for heating and cooling depending on the current season. Chilled water circulates through the system during summer and heated water during winter When RCF-230D is configured for a 2-pipe system, output DO4 is used for controlling heating or cooling (depending on the season (fluid temperature)) via an actuator, a valve or similar (change-over function).









In 4-pipe installations, there are two separate water systems for heating and cooling with separate valves. The controller uses two outputs for control of heating and cooling in sequence.



## Automatic cooling/heating change-over

RCF-230D has an input for change-over which is used when the thermostat is configured for 2-pipe installations. It sets output DO4 to operate with heating or cooling function depending on the fluid temperature (season).

The change-over input can be connected to a potential-free relay contact or a PT1000-sensor.

The input function for the relay contact can be set to normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC). If the change-over input is not used, we recommend that it is left disconnected and set to NO (factory setting).

When using a sensor, it must be mounted so that it can measure the temperature on the supply pipe to the coil. To ensure satisfactory function, the system must also have continuous primary circuit circulation. Using a sensor, the output function is set to heating when the fluid temperature exceeds  $28^{\circ}$ C and to cooling when the temperature falls below  $16^{\circ}$ C.

At heating function "HEAT" is shown in the display and at cooling function "COOL" is shown.

#### Occupancy detection for saving energy

By connecting an occupancy detector or a keycard switch (in hotels) to a digital input, you can alternate between Comfort and Economy mode. This way, the temperature is controlled from requirement, making it possible to save energy while maintaining the temperature at a comfortable level.

Using occupancy detection, you can delay activation and/ or inactivation of Comfort mode to avoid switching mode if someone temporarily enters or leaves the room.

A window contact can be connected to either digital input 1 or universal input 1. The window contact will set the controller to "Off" mode if a window is opened, thereby minimising energy consumption.

#### **Operating modes**

There are four different operating modes, Comfort, Economy (Standby), Off and Window. Switch-over between these modes is performed locally.

Comfort: is shown in the display and the room is in use. The temperature is held at the comfort level with a deadband (DB) between activation of heating and cooling.

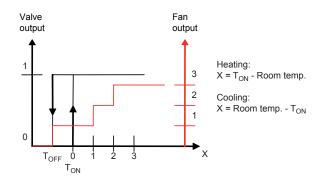
Economy (Standby): "Standby" is shown in the display. The room is in an energy saving mode and is not used at the moment. This can for example be during nights, weekends, evenings etc. or during daytime when there is no one in the room. The thermostat is prepared to change operating mode to Comfort if someone enters the room. Heating and cooling have freely adjustable setpoints.

Off: "Off" is shown in the display and the backlight is switched off. The thermostat neither heats or cools and the fan stops (except if mould protection has been selected, in which case the fan will keep running). Off mode is selected by pressing the On/Off button.

Window: is shown in the display and the thermostat is in off mode and the fan stops (except if mould protection has been selected, in which case the fan will keep running).

## Fan speed control

The current fan speed is shown in the display and can be set manually to Low→Medium→High→Auto by pressing the fan button. In Auto mode, fan speed is controlled by the difference between the setpoint and actual value of the room.



When there is no heating or cooling demand in the Auto position, the fan will run at its lowest setting. This can be changed to make the fan stop when there is no heating or cooling demand. The fan is also deactivated when in modes Off and Window. However, it will continue to run if mould protection has been configured.

If the fan has been configured to not be affected by controller output, the "AUTO" option will not be shown when pressing the fan button.

## **Mould protection**

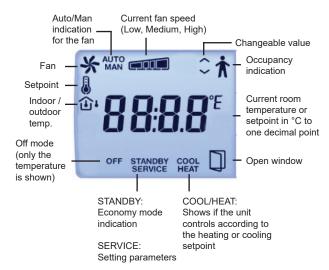
When this function has been configured, the fan will run at a minimum of the lowest speed setting, circulating air in the room so as to minimise the risk of mould growth in the fan-coil unit. The function is deactivated on delivery.

## Automatic valve exercise

To ensure proper functionality, the thermostat has a function for valve exercise, even during periods when they are not in use. At regular intervals the output is overridden to close for a moment in order to open and close the valves. The exercise interval can be set individually for heating and cooling. The exercise function can also be inactivated if desired.

## Display information and handling

The display has the following indications:



The display is handled using the buttons on the thermostat:



#### On/Off button

By pressing the On/Off button, RCF-230D will switch between Off mode and Comfort/Economy mode.

#### Setpoint buttons

The INCREASE and DECREASE buttons are used to change the setpoint value. The basic setpoint can be changed within adjustable min./max. limits.

#### Fan button

By pressing the fan button, the fan speed is set to to Low, Medium, High or Auto.

#### **Blocking**

The buttons of the controller, the configuration menu and the manual fan control can all be blocked in order to prevent settings from being changed by unauthorized individuals.

## Configuration via the parameter list

The factory settings are changed in the parameter list shown in the display by using the buttons on the thermostat.

The parameter values are changed with the INCREASE and DECREASE buttons and changes confirmed with the On/Off button.

The parameter list can be found in the instruction for RCF-230D and in the manual for RCF.

#### **Display configuration**

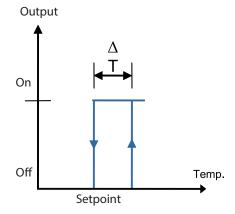
The desired contents of the display can be configured via the parameter list. There are four alternatives:

- The actual value is normally shown. The setpoint is shown when it is changed using the INCREASE and DECREASE buttons.
- 2. The actual value is normally shown. The setpoint displacement is shown when it is changed using the INCREASE and DECREASE buttons.
- 3. The setpoint value is shown (factory setting).
- 4. The setpoint adjustment is shown.

## Control principles

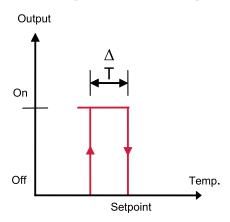
## Control principle at cooling function

During control of cooling, the output is activated when the temperature rises above the setpoint by the set hysteresis. The output closes when the setpoint value is reached.



## Control principle at heating function

During control of heating, the output is activated when the temperature falls below the setpoint by the set hysteresis. The output closes when the setpoint value is reached.



#### Supply air temperature limitation

All can be configured for use with a supply air temperature limitation sensor. A room controller will then work together with a supply air temperature controller using cascade control, resulting in a calculated supply air temperature maintaining the room temperature setpoint. It is possible to set individual min/max limitation setpoints for heating and cooling. Settable temperature range: 10...50°C.

## Technical data

Supply voltage 230 V AC  $\pm 10$  %, 50/60 Hz Power consumption 3 W, class II construction

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mbox{Ambient temperature} & 0...50\mbox{°C} \\ \mbox{Storage temperature} & -20...+70\mbox{°C} \\ \mbox{Ambient humidity} & \mbox{Max. } 90\mbox{ \% RH} \end{array}$ 

Protection class IP20
Pollution degree 2
Overvoltage category 3

Display LCD with backlight

Built-in temperature sensor NTC type, measuring range 0...50°C Terminal blocks Lift type for max. cable area 2.1 mm2

Material, casing Polycarbonate, PC Colour Signal white RAL 9003

Mounting Indoor, wall mounting, fits on a standard wall socket

Dimensions (HxWxD) 120 x 102 x 29 mm

Weight 0.18 kg

This product carries the CE mark.

For more information, see www.regincontrols.com.

Inputs

External sensor, AII PT1000-sensor. Suitable sensors are TG-R5/PT1000, TG-UH/PT1000,

TG-A1/PT1000 and TG-K3-PT1000 from Regin.

UII Change-over, potential-free contact or PT1000-sensor. Suitable sensor is TG-A1/PT1000

from Regin or window contact.

Presence/window contact, DI1 Potential free contact. A suitable occupancy detector is IR24-P from Regin.

**Outputs** 

Fan control, DO1, 2, 3 3 outputs for speed I, II and III, 230 V AC, max. 3 A fan-coil

Possible settings

Valve, DO4, DO5 2 outputs, 230 V AC, max. 300 mA (3 A initially)

#### **Settings**

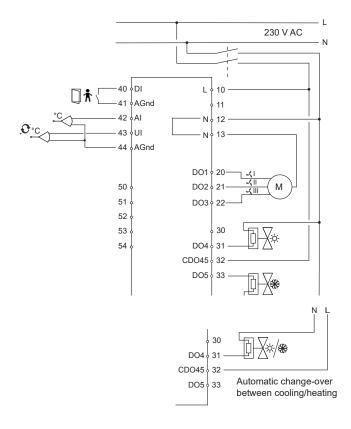
	1 Ossible settings	ractory setting (10)	
Basic setpoint	550°C (0100°C with Regio tool®)	22°C	
Internal sensor calibration	-1010 K	0 K	
External sensor calibration	-1010 K	0 K	
Hysteresis	0.550 K	1 K	
DB, deadband at Comfort	0.110 K	2 K	
Installation type	2- or 4-pipe	2-pipe	
Input DI1	Normally open (NO) or normally closed (NC)	NO	
Input UI1	NO or NC, when used as a relay contact input	NO	
Output DO4	NO or NC	NC	
Output DO5	NO or NC	NC	
Valve exercise	Individually settable for heating and cooling outputs	23 hours interval	

Factory setting (FS)

## Wiring and dimensions

10	L	230 V AC L	C
	L		Supply voltage
11	-	Not connected	
12	N	230 V AC N	Supply voltage (internally connected to terminal 13)
13	N	Fan-coil common / 230 V AC N	Common fan-coil connector (internally connected to terminal 12)
20	DO1	Fan-coil output 1 for fan control	Relay, 230 V AC*, 3 A
21	DO2	Fan-coil output 2 for fan control	Relay, 230 V AC*, 3 A
22	DO3	Fan-coil output 3 for fan control	Relay, 230 V AC*, 3 A
30	-	Not connected	
31	DO4	Digital output 4 for heating/cooling	Digital output. 230 V AC, max. 300 mA (3 A initially).
32	CDO45	Common DO4 & 5	Common connection for digital outputs 4 and 5
33	DO5	Digital output 5 for cooling	Digital output. 230 V AC, max. 300 mA (3 A initially).
40	DI	Digital input	Floating (potential-free) window contact or occupancy contact.
			Configurable for NO/NC.
41	Agnd	Analogue ground	
42	AI	Analogue input	PT1000, external room sensor or supply sensor
43	UI	Universal input	Change-over input, floating (potential-free) switch (configurable for
			NO/NC) or PT1000, alternatively a window contact.
44	Agnd	Analogue ground	
50-52	-	Not connected	
53-54	-	Reserved for future use	

<sup>\*</sup>The sum of the current through DO1-DO3 is protected by a fuse





## Product documentation

The documents can be downloaded from www.regincontrols.com.

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